ICBA's Mutual Bank Council's Fall Meeting

Charter Options and Strategies for Success for Mutuals

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Banking Industry Update - Banks and Credit Unions

	Number	Assets	Deposits
Total Banks	6,730	\$14.9T	\$9.9T
Commercial	5,809	\$13.8T	\$9.1T
Savings	921	\$1.0T	\$802B
Total CUs	6,419	\$1.1T	\$910B
Total Banks / CUs	13,149	\$16.0T	\$10.8T

Based on 3/31/14 data

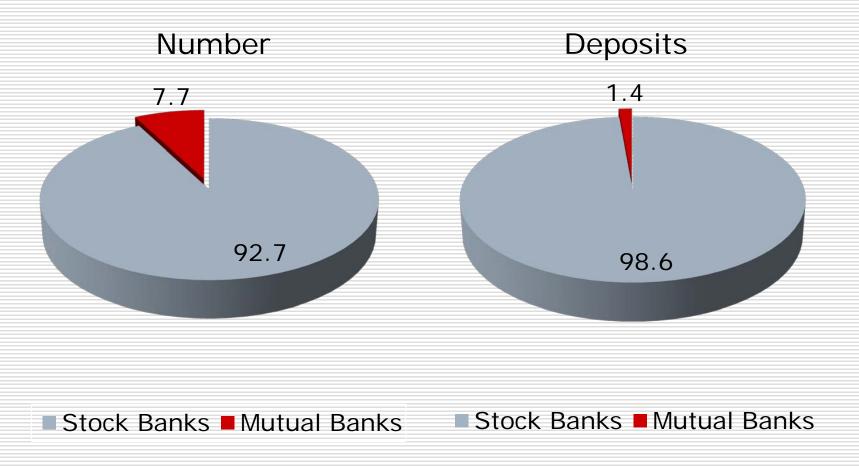


Banking Industry Update – Mutuals by the Numbers

- 537 mutual banks in US (traditional and private MHCs)
- 7.7% of all FDIC-insured banks are mutual (by number)
- 1.4% of all FDIC insured deposits held by mutual banks
- 127 private MHCs
- 34 public MHCs



Banking Industry Update - Mutuals by the Numbers





Post Dodd-Frank Federal Bank Regulatory Structure

Bank Level:

OCC: Federal banks (commercial and savings)

FDIC: State commercial banks, savings banks, trust

companies, state S&Ls

FRB: State chartered institutions that elect FRB

as primary federal regulator

Holding Company Level:

FRB: All holding companies, including MHCs



Dodd-Frank Effect on all Community Banks

- Higher capital requirements
- Additional consumer disclosure and compliance procedures
- Increased pressure on banks to grow (improve scale)
- Increased pressure on smaller banks to consolidate (lack of scale)
- Bar raised on regulatory applications (more scrutinization, longer processing, more regulatory coordination)
- Growth opportunities only available to those with "excess" capital
- Overall effect more costly to operate, more capital needed, more emphasis on scale



Charter Options for Mutuals

- State savings bank
- Federal savings bank
- Universal bank charter. Available in some states (e.g., Maine) for mutual and stock institutions.
 May exercise all the powers of commercial banks and can call themselves "banks".
- State or Federal MHC
- No mutual national bank charter



Advantages of a Commercial Bank Charter vs. Savings Bank Charter

- No QTL Test
- No loan restrictions as a % of assets
- Better name recognition/goodwill/prestige?

Advantages of Savings Bank Charter vs. Commercial Bank Charter

None?



Advantages of Bank Holding Company vs. Savings and Loan Holding Company

- Under FRB policy, BHCs with assets less than \$500 million do not have holding company capital requirements. SLHCs do.
- No need to obtain FRB approval to dividend cash from bank to holding company.



Advantages of Savings and Loan Holding Company vs. Bank Holding Company

 Grandfathered SLHCs may engage in certain holding company activities (e.g., non-bank activities, real estate development) not eligible for BHCs



Mutual National Bank Charter

- Comptroller Curry wants to expand federal savings bank powers but has not endorsed a mutual national bank charter
 - He considers cost of charter conversion excessive
 - Instead, he would give federal savings bank same powers as national banks – increased commercial lending authority
 - Relax OTL test
 - All require legislation
- Why not just authorize a mutual national bank charter?
 - Simpler fix but also requires legislation
 - Charter conversions are not that expensive



- To preserve or enhance the mutual charter, mutual savings banks/associations need to understand:
 - (i) their role or mission as community banks; (ii) their competition and customers; and (iii) the options, opportunities and challenges they have in maintaining or growing their presence as a viable alternative to stock-based institutions.
- Some difficult questions that should be considered when discussing ways to enhance the mutual charter.

Questions to Consider

- Why do we have a mutual charter option?
 - Serve underserved customers or communities?
 - Promote locally "owned" community banks?
- What is the mission of mutuals and how do we or should we distinguish ourselves from stock banks?
 - Who are our customers?
 - ➤ Is the community served equally well by stock banks or savings banks?
 - What about credit union competition?



Questions to Consider

- Can mutuals survive with dwindling numbers if there are no new charters?
 - Impact of credit unions
 - Impact of MHCs
 - Impact of industry consolidation opportunities for mutuals?
- Do mutuals have to perform and grow like stock companies to be relevant players in their markets?
 - Are earnings and growth essential to a positive community bank culture?
 - Is growth and profitability necessary to attract qualified and incentivized employees?
 - Is perceived safety and stability enough to attract talent?



Observations Regarding the Future of Mutuals

- The impact of credit union charter conversions
 - Are credit union conversions a good thing for mutuals?
 - ➤ If so, shouldn't bank regulators be more active in facilitating such conversions?
 - The role of NCUA in deterring charter conversions
- The impact of the MHC charter
 - Are MHCs critical to the growth and success of mutuals?
 - ➤ Is the MHC charter a key advantage to credit unions thinking about a charter conversion?



- The impact of capital and higher capital requirements
 - Can mutuals increase GAAP or regulatory capital other than through retained earnings?
 - Can mutuals use the MHC structure to raise capital and preserve their mutuality?
- Regulatory impact
 - Is there a regulatory bias against mutuals by federal bank regulators?
 - Will "best practices" for stock banks (and costs associated with such practices) eventually trickle down to mutuals?



 How can mutuals be a more effective political force in Washington, D.C.?



Questions?



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